MENTAL HEALTH ATLAS 2020

Member State Profile

[Namibia]

Total population (UN official estimate): ¹	nate): ¹ 2 494 524 Income Group: ³		ne Group: ³	Upper-middle AFRO		
Total mental health expenditure per person (reported currency):	-	WHO Region:				
Burden of mental disorders (WHO official estimat	:es)					
Disability-adjusted life years (per 100 000 population): ²	1 470.7		Age-standardized su	iicide mortality	rate per 100	
Age-standardized suicide mortality rate (per 100 000 population): ⁴	13.51		000 population, 2013, 2016 and 2019			
			15.00	14.92		
			14.50 14.38	8		
			14.00 13.50		13.51	
			13.00		13.51	
			12.50			
			2013	2016	2019	

4

Mental health research and reporting

research output within country

health⁵

region

Availability / status of mental health reporting:

Number of published research articles on mental

Percentage of mental health research output in total

Percentage of mental health research output of the

country in total mental health research output in the

Mental health data compiled only for general health statistics in the last two years



MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEM GOVE	RNANCE				
Mental health policy / plan Mental health legislation					
Stand-alone policy or plan for mental health:	Yes	Stand-alone law for mental health:		Yes	
(Year of policy / plan):	2005	(Year of law):	1973		
Policy / plan is in line with human rights covenants (self-rated 5-points checklist score; 5 = fully in line) ⁶	5	Law is in line with human rights covenants (self- rated 5-points checklist score; 5 = fully in line) ⁷		3	
Human resources are estimated and allocated for implementation of the mental health policy/plan	No	The existence of a dedicated authority or independent body to assess compliance of mental		ithority body does	
Financial resources are estimated and allocated for implementation of the mental health policy/plan	No	health legislation with international human rights	not exist		
The mental health policy / plan contains specified indicators or targets against which its implementation can be monitored	Indicators not ava	ilable			
Child and/or adolescent mental health policy/pla	an				
Stand-alone or integrated policy or plan for child mental health	No	Stand-alone or integrated policy or plan for adolescent mental health		No	
(Year of child mental health policy / plan):	-	(Year of adolescent mental health policy / plan):		-	
Suicide prevention strategy/policy/plan					
Stand-alone or integrated strategy/policy/plan for suicide prevention	Yes	(Year of strategy/policy/plan)		2015	
RESOURCES FOR MENTAL HEALTH					
Mental health financing					
The government's total expenditure on mental health as % of total government health expenditure	-	The government's total expenditure on mental hospitals as % of total government mental health - expenditure		-	

expenditure

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Insurance for mental health

How the majority of persons with mental health conditions pay for mental health services

Persons pay nothing at the point of service use (fully insured)

How the majority of persons with mental health conditions pay for psychotropic medicines

Persons pay nothing at the point of service use (fully insured)

Yes

The care and treatment of persons with mental health conditions (psychosis, bipolar disorder, depression) is included in national health insurance or reimbursement schemes in your country Mental health orkf

Wental fleatth workforce						
	Total Number (gov. and non gov.)	No. per 100 000 population	Mental health workers per 100 000 population, 2014, 2017 and 2020			
Psychiatrists	3	0.12	10.00			
Mental health nurses	7	0.28	8.00 8.18			
Psychologists	3	0.12	6.00			
Social workers	4	0.16	4.00 3.75			
Other specialized mental health workers (e.g. Occupational Therapists)	4	0.16	0.00			
Total mental health professionals	21	0.84	2014 2017 2020			
Mental health workers in child and/or adolescent mental health services:						
			Total mental health workers in			
Child and/or adolescent psychiatrists	-	-	child and adolescent mental			

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE AVAILABILITY AND UPTAKE (Mental health services include care for mental health,

health services

neurological and substance use disorders)					
Integration of mental health into primary health	care				
Integration of mental health into primary care is considered functional (self-rated 5 points checklist score; \geq 4 = functional					1
integration) ⁸					T
Outpatient care (total facilities)		Outpatient care	(visits per 10	0 000 populatio	on)
Mental health outpatient facilities attached to a		Number of visits m	•		
hospital	2	year in mental hea		facilities	3 291.97
······································		attached to a hosp			
"Community-based / non-hospital" mental health		Number of visits m	•		
outpatient facility	-	year in "Community-based / non-hospital" mental health outpatient facility			-
		Number of visits m		users in the last	
Other outpatient facility (e.g. Mental health day care	-	year in other outpa	•		-
or treatment facility)		health day care or	treatment faci	lity)	
Total number of outpatient facilities specifically for		Number of visits m	•		
children and adolescents	-	year in outpatient	facility specific	ally for children	-
		and adolescents			
Inpatient care (total facilities)		Inpatient care (k	eds/admissi	ons per 100 000	population)
Mental hospitals	-	Mental hospital be			- / -
Psychiatric units in general hospitals	2	General hospital psychiatric unit beds / annual admissions		13.63 / 206.01	
Community residential facilities	-	Community reside	Community residential beds / annual admissions		
Inpatient facilities specifically for children and		Child and adolescent specific inpatient beds /		-/-	
adolescents	-	annual admissions			- / -
Mental hospitals		Mental hospitals	s (length of si	:ay)	
Total number of admissions	-	Inpatients staying less than 1 year			-
Admissions that are involuntary	-	Inpatients staying 1-5 years			-
Follow-up of people with mental health condition		Inpatients staying more than 5 years			-
discharged from hospital in the last year (discharged	More than 75%	Percentage of inpatients staying less than 1 year			_
persons seen within a month)		in the total number of inpatients			-
Inpatients receiving timely diagnosis, treatment and follow-up for physical health conditions(e.g. cancer, diabetes or TB) 51%-75%					51%-75%
Community based mental health services ⁹					
Total number of community based mental health Number of community-based mental health					
facilities	facilities per 100 000 population			-	
Treated prevalence of psychosis and by sex Total cases Male				Female	

facilities	-	facilities per 100 0	,		
Treated prevalence of psychosis and by sex			Total cases	Male	ŀ
Treated cases of psychosis (inpatient and outpatient)			586	-	

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No

MENTAL HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTION

Existence of at least two functioning programmes

(self-rated 3 points checklist score; ≥ 2	110			
Category of mental health promotion & prevention programme	Programme examples	Scope of programme	Programme management	Functionality of programme
Suicide prevention programme	National Suicide Prevention Programme	National	Jointly managed	Yes
Mental Health Awareness /Anti- stigma	-	-	-	-
Early Child Development	-	-	-	-
School based mental health prevention and promotion	-	-	-	-
Parental / Maternal mental health promotion and prevention	-	-	-	-
Work-related mental health prevention and promotion	-	-	-	-
Mental health and psychosocial component of disaster preparedness, disaster risk reduction	-	-	-	-

Endnotes

¹ UN, 2019. World Population Prospects. https://population.un.org/wpp/

² GBD, 2019. Global Health Estimates. https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/themes/mortality-and-global-health-estimates/global-health-estimates-leadingcauses-of-dalys. Value represent DALY rate per 100,000 and for mental disorders only.

³ World Bank, 2019. Country classification. https://datahelpdesk.worldbank.org/knowledgebase/topics/19280-country-classification

⁴ WHO, 2019. Global Health Observatory. http://www.who.int/gho/en/. Suicide mortality rates are computed using standard categories, definitions and methods are reported to facilitate comparisons over time and between countries and may not be the same as official national estimates.

⁵ Output of research on mental health: The annual published research output in peer-reviewed and indexed journals is used as a proxy for the amount (and quality) of mental health research that is being conducted or is related to a given country.

⁶ Policy/plan compliance with human rights instruments self-rated 5 points checklist items: 1) Policy/plan promotes transition towards mental health services based in the community (including mental health care integrated into general hospitals and primary care); 2) Policy/plan pays explicit attention to respect of the rights of people with mental health conditions and psychosocial disabilities as well as at-risk populations; 3) Policy/plan promotes a full range of services and supports to enable people to live independently and be included in the community (including rehabilitation services, social services, educational, vocational and employment opportunities, housing services and supports, etc.); 4) Policy/plan promotes a recovery approach to mental health care, which emphasizes support for individuals to achieve their aspirations and goals, with mental health service users driving the development of their treatment and recovery plans; 5) Policy/plan promotes the participation of persons with mental health conditions and psychosocial disabilities in decision-making processes about issues affecting them (e.g. policies, laws, service reform, service delivery). (5 = fully in line)

⁷ Law compliance with human rights instruments self-rated 5 points checklist items: 1) Law promotes transition towards community-based mental health services (including mental health integrated into general hospitals and primary care); 2) Law promotes the rights of people with mental health conditions and psychosocial disabilities to exercise their legal capacity; 3) Law promotes alternatives to coercive practice; 4) Law provides for procedures to enable people with mental health conditions and psychosocial disabilities to protect their rights and file appeals and complaints to an independent legal body; 5) Law provides for regular inspections of human rights conditions in mental health facilities by an independent body (79% of responding countries). (5 = fully in line)

⁸ Integration of mental health in primary care self-rated 5 points checklist items: 1) guidelines for mental health integration into primary health care are available and adopted at the national level; 2) pharmacological interventions for mental health conditions are available and provided at the primary care level; 3) psychosocial interventions for mental health conditions are available and provided at the primary care level; 4) health workers at primary care level receive training on the management of mental health conditions; 5) mental health specialists are involved in the training and supervision of primary care professionals. (≥ 4 = functional integration)

⁹ **Community-based mental health services** are defined as services that are provided in the community, outside a hospital setting. Data for this indicator include countries' reported number of community-based outpatient facilities (e.g. community mental health centres), other outpatient services (e.g. day treatment facilities) and mental health community residential facilities for adults.

¹⁰ Functional mental health promotion and prevention programmes self-rated 3 points checklist items: 1) Dedicated financial & human resources; 2) A defined plan of implementation; and 3) Documented evidence of progress and/or impact. (> 2 = functioning programme)