Tuberculosis profile: Republic of Moldova

Population 2019: 4 million

Estimates of TB burden*, 2019

| | Number | (Rate per 100 000 population) |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total TB incidence | 3 200 (2 800-3 700) | 80 (68-92) |
| HIV-positive TB incidence | 340 (280-410) | 8.4 (6.9-10) |
| MDR/RR-TB incidence** | 1 400 (1 100-1 600) | 34 (28-40) |
| HIV-negative TB mortality | 200 (170-230) | 4.9 (4.1-5.7) |
| HIV-positive TB mortality | 55 (38-74) | 1.4 (0.95-1.8) |

Estimated proportion of TB cases with MDR/RR-TB*, 2019

| New cases | 33% (30-35) |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Previously treated cases | 60% (56-64) |

Universal health coverage and social protection*

| TB treatment coverage (notified/estimated incidence), 2019 | 87% (75-100) |
|--|--------------|
| TB patients facing catastrophic total costs | |
| TB case fatality ratio (estimated mortality/estimated incidence), 2019 | 8% (6-10) |

TB case notifications, 2019

| Total new and relapse | 2 809 |
|--|-------|
| - % tested with rapid diagnostics at time of diagnosis | 100% |
| - % with known HIV status | 99% |
| - % pulmonary | 90% |
| - % bacteriologically confirmed ^ | 71% |
| - % children aged 0-14 years | 4% |

Incidence, New and relapse TB cases notified, HIVpositive TB incidence





HIV-negative TB mortality

(Rate per 100 000 population per year)



Incidence, Notified cases by age group and sex, 2019

| - % women | 25% |
|----------------------|-------|
| - % men | 71% |
| Total cases notified | 3 255 |

TB/HIV care in new and relapse TB patients, 2019

| | Number | (%) |
|---|--------|-----|
| Patients with known HIV status who are HIV- positive | 295 | 11% |
| - on antiretroviral therapy | 260 | 88% |

Drug-resistant TB care, 2019

| % of bacteriologically confirmed TB cases tested for rifampicin resistance - New cases ^ | 96% |
|--|-----|
| % of bacteriologically confirmed TB cases tested for rifampicin resistance - Previously treated cases ^ | 44% |
| Laboratory-confirmed cases - MDR/RR-TB ^^ | 655 |
| Patients started on treatment - MDR/RR-TB ^^^ | 655 |
| Laboratory-confirmed cases - XDR-TB ^^ | 49 |
| Patients started on treatment - XDR-TB ^^^ | 37 |
| MDR/RR-TB cases tested for resistance to any fluoroquinolone | 559 |

Treatment success rate and cohort size

| | Success | Cohort |
|---|---------|--------|
| New and relapse cases registered in 2018 | 85% | 2 312 |
| Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2018 | 47% | 131 |
| HIV-positive TB cases registered in 2018 | 69% | 154 |
| MDR/RR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2017 | 56% | 962 |
| XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2017 | 32% | 62 |

TB preventive treatment, 2019

% of HIV-positive people (newly enrolled in care) on 15% preventive treatment



Treatment success rate





2018

2019

2020

2017

% of children (aged < 5) household contacts of bacteriologically-confirmed TB cases on preventive treatment

TB financing

| National TB budget, 2020 (US\$ millions) | 13 |
|--|-----|
| - Funding source, domestic | 77% |
| - Funding source, international | 23% |
| - unfunded | 0% |

* Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries. Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.

89% (82-98)

** MDR is TB resistant to rifampicin and isoniazid; RR is TB resistant to rifampicin

^ Calculated for pulmonary cases only

^^ Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history

^^^ Includes patients diagnosed before 2019 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

Generated 2020-10-21 by the World Health Organization (https://www.who.int/tb/data/)