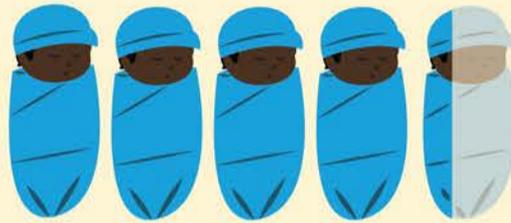


RWANDA

FAST FACTS FROM THE 2014-15 RWANDA DHS

The 2014-15 (RDHS) is designed to provide data for monitoring the population and health situation in Rwanda. The 2014-15 RDHS is the fifth Demographic and Health Survey conducted in Rwanda since 1992.

FERTILITY



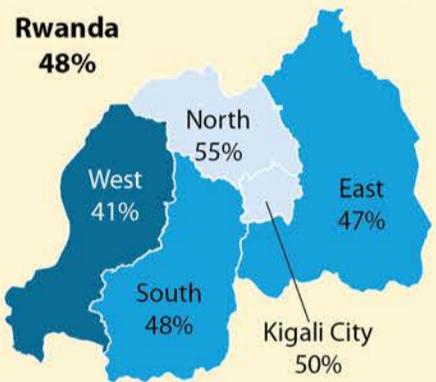
In Rwanda, women have an average of **4.2** children.

FAMILY PLANNING

48%

of married women age 15-49 in Rwanda are currently using a **modern method of family planning**. Modern method use is highest in **North province**.

Current Use of Modern Methods by Province
Percent of married women age 15-49 using a modern method of family planning



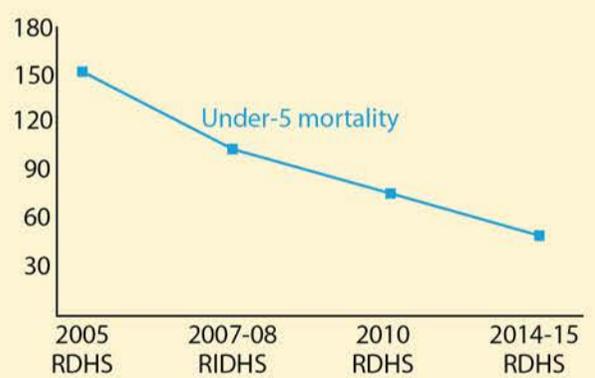
CHILD MORTALITY



1 in every 20 Rwandan children does not survive to their fifth birthday.

Trends in Under-5 Mortality

Deaths per 1,000 live births for the five-year period before the survey



MATERNAL HEALTH

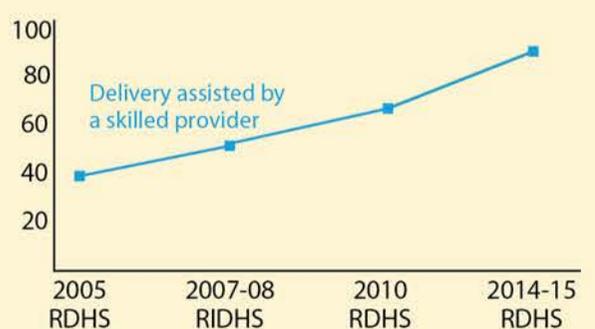


Skilled assistance* during delivery has dramatically **increased from 39% in 2005 to 91% in 2014-15**.

*includes doctor, nurse, medical assistant, and midwife

Trends in Deliveries Assisted by Skilled Providers

Percent of live births in the five years before the survey



The Rwanda Demographic and Health Survey 2014-15 (2014-15 RDHS) was implemented by the National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda (NISR) from November 9, 2014, to April 8, 2015. The funding for the RDHS was provided by the government of Rwanda, the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the One United Nations (One UN), the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (Global Fund), World Vision International, the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC), and the Partners in Health (PIH). ICF International provided technical assistance through The DHS Program, a USAID-funded project providing support and technical assistance in the implementation of population and health surveys in countries worldwide.