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Lassa fever, a viral haemorrhagic fever with symptoms similar to those of Ebola virus disease, is endemic in much of West Africa and usually sparks a seasonal outbreak from December to March. Humans usually become infected with Lassa virus from exposure to urine and faeces of infected Mastomys rats. Lassa virus may also be spread between humans through direct contact with the blood, urine, faeces, or other bodily secretions of a person infected with Lassa fever. This course provides a general introduction to Lassa fever and is intended for personnel responding to outbreaks in complex emergencies or in settings where the basic environmental infrastructures

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Lassa fever: Introduction

World Health

Course is available

wail



Discussions



A Progress



Collab Space





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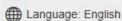
Announcements



Lassa fever: Introduction

Outbreak channel





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