

ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHY

POVERTY RATES AND GDP



UNDER-5 MORTALITY RATE



INCOME INEQUALITY

Gilli muex score	Gini index rank [†]	Year
33	36	2010

Source: World Bank 2015 Notes: *0 = perfect equality, 100 = perfect inequality. [†]The countries with a Gini index are ranked from most equal (#1) to most unequal (#145).

POPULATION

Population (000)	28,441	2015	
Under-5 population (000)	2,807	2015	
Urban (%)	18	2015	
> 65 years (%)	10	2015	
One and a second s			

Source: 2015 projections from UNPD 2013.

Wealthiest Second wealthiest Middle Second poorest Poorest

40

Mean prevalence of stunting (%)

60

80

CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY			
Number of children under 5 affected (000)			
Stunting ^a	1,244	2011	
Wasting ^a	344	2011	
Overweight ^a	46	2011	
Percentage of children under 5 affected			
Wasting ^a	11	2011	
Severe wasting ^a	3	2011	
Overweight ^a	2	2011	
Low birth weight ^b	18	2011	
Sources: &UNICEE/WHO/WB 2015: DUNICEE 2015			

Sources: ^aUNICEF/WH0/WB 2015; ^bUNICEF 2015.

ADOLESCENT AND ADULT NUTRITION STATUS

ADOLESCENT AND ADULT ANTHROPOMETRY (% POPULATION)

Adolescent overweight ^a	NA	NA
Adolescent obesity ^a	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, thinness ^b	20	2011
Women of reproductive age, short stature ^b	12	2011
Sources: ^a WHO 2015; ^b DHS 2015.		

Note: NA = not available.

METABOLIC RISK FACTORS FOR DIET-RELATED NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES, 2008 (%)

Raised blood pressure Raised blood glucose Raised blood cholesterol



Source: WHO 2014.

WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY INDICATORS: PROGRESS AGAINST GLOBAL WHA TARGETS

Under-5 stunting, 2011 ^a	Under-5 wasting, 2011 ^b	Under-5 overweight, 2011ª	WRA anemia, 2011 ^b	EBF, 2014ª	
On course, good progress	Off course	On course, at risk	Off course	Off course, reversal	
Sources: ^a Definitions of progress developed by GNR's Independent Expert Group with quidance from WHO/UNICEF; ^b WHO 2014.					

1

Notes: Currently it is only possible to determine whether a country is on or off course for five of the six WHA targets. The year refers to the most recent data available; on/off-course calculation is based on trend data. WRA = women of reproductive age. EBF = exclusive breastfeeding



MICRONUTRIENT STATUS OF POPULATION

20

1996

Women of reproductive age with anemia ^a		
Total population affected (000)	2,893	2011
Total population affected (%)	36	2011
Vitamin A deficiency in children 6-59 months old (%) ^b	38	2013
Population classification of iodine nutrition (age group 6-11) ^c	Optimal iodine nutrition	1997– 1998
Sources: ^a WHO 2015; ^b Stevens et al. 2015; ^c WHO 2004.		

PREVALENCE OF ADULT OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY, 2014 (%)



INTERVENTION COVERAGE AND CHILD-FEEDING PRACTICES

CONTINUUM OF CARE (%)



INTERVENTION COVERAGE (%)

2011

2013

2013

2004

2004

2004

19

0.479

98

0 209

0.460

0.630

Severe acute malnutrition, geographic coverage ^a	4	2012	
Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage ^b	99	2013	
Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS ^b	39	2011	
Immunization coverage, DTP3 ^b	92	2013	
lodized salt consumption ^b	80	2011	
Courses: AUNICEE/Coverage Menitoring Network/ACE International 2012, DUNICEE 2015			

1al 2012 UNICEF 201 Note: ORS = oral rehydration salts; DTP3 = 3 doses of combined diphtheria/tetanus/pertussis vaccine.

INFANT AND YOUNG-CHILD FEEDING PRACTICES (% 6-23 MONTHS)

Minimum acceptable diet	24	2011
Minimum dietary diversity	29	2011
Source: UNICEF 2015.		

FEMALE SECONDARY EDUCATION ENROLLMENT (%)

UNDERLYING DETERMINANTS

FOOD SUPPLY



Source: a FAOSTAT 2015; b FAOSTAT 2014.

IMPROVED DRINKING WATER COVERAGE (%)



IMPROVED SANITATION COVERAGE (%)

RATE OF EXCLUSIVE BREASTFEEDING

57

2014

GENDER-RELATED DETERMINANTS

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%)^a

Gender Inequality Index (country rank)^b

Note: *0 = low inequality, 1 = high inequality

POPULATION DENSITY OF HEALTH WORKERS

Gender Inequality Index (score*)^b

Sources: ^aUNICEF 2015; ^bUNDP 2014.

PER 1,000 PEOPLE

Nurses and midwives

Source: WHO 2015

Community health workers

Physicians





67

69

68

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2015.

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES (%)



FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND POLICY, LEGISLATION, AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

SCALING UP NUTRITION (SUN) COUNTRY INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMÁTIONS, 2014 (%)

Bringing people into a shared space for action	
Ensuring a coherent policy and legal framework	52
Aligning actions around a common results framework	42
Financial tracking and resource mobilization	
Total weighted	49

Source: SUN 2014.

POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

National implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes ^a	Law	2014
Extent of constitutional right to food ^b	Medium-low	2003
Maternity protection (Convention 183) ^c	No	2011
Wheat fortification legislation ^d	Mandatory	2015
Undernutrition mentioned in national develop- ment plans and economic growth strategies ^e	Rank: 23/126	2013- 2016
Overnutrition mentioned in national develop- ment plans and economic growth strategies ^e	Rank: 112/116	2013- 2016

AVAILABILITY AND STAGE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF GUIDELINES/ PROTOCOLS/STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF NCDs

-		
Diabetes	Not available	2010
Hypertension	Not available	2010
Source: WHO 201	4.	

Note: NCDs = noncommunicable diseases.

Sources: ^aUNICEF 2014; ^bFA0 2003; ^cILO 2013; ^dFFI 2015: ^eIDS 2015.

For complete source information: http://globalnutritionreport.org/the-report/technical-notes.

© 2015 International Food Policy Research Institute

2